

Why Learn German?

Why choose German – or any other subject?



- 1. How might it be useful in my future?
- 2. What's in the course?
- 3. What are my chances of success?

Importance of Foreign Languages for UK businesses



- A lack of language skills costs the British economy around 3.5% of GDP (2022: £79bn) in missed trade & business.¹
- 57% of employers stated that foreign language skills are something they look for in candidates.²
- Small and medium-sized businesses making use of language capabilities are 30% more successful in exporting.³
- Nick Gibb, Minister for Schools: "Our economy needs people who can communicate across the globe and trade with overseas businesses."⁴ "You need to be able to speak the language of your suppliers and customers."⁵

Common misconceptions about German (1)



- It's hard
- It's ugly and doesn't sound nice!



German – a harsh language?

"I think that a description in any loud, stirring, tumultuous episode must be tamer in German than in English. Our descriptive words of this character have such a deep, strong, resonant sound, while their German equivalents do seem thin and mild and energyless. 'Boom!', 'burst!', 'crash!', 'roar!', [...]. These are magnificent words; they have a force and magnitude of sound befitting the things which they describe. But their German equivalents would be ever so nice to sing the children to sleep with...."

(Mark Twain, "The Awful German Language" 1880)

Common misconceptions about German (2)



- Germans all speak excellent English
- It's not as useful as, say, French or Spanish



Is German useful? – a few facts!

 97 million Europeans (13%) have German as their 1st language. 63m (8%) have English, and 11% French, 6% Spanish.⁶

Other people think German is very important!...

- After English, German is the **most studied** vocational foreign language in Europe.
- 68% of Japanese students (school and uni) learn German.
- German is one of the **3 working languages** of the EU (with French and English).



So, why choose German? 1. Business and trade

- * Biggest economy in Europe, 3rd biggest in the world
- * The UK's biggest trading partner after the USA
- German investment in the UK:
 2500 companies employing c. 450,000 people
 e.g. Siemens (est. in the UK 1850); 12,000
 employees in 38 locations. Siemens turbines
 generate about 50% of the UK's windpower.

Some German companies in the UK



Adidas, Puma (sports gear) – Aldi, Lidl (supermarkets) – Bayer (Aspirin), Nivea

BMW (Mini, Rolls Royce), Daimler AG (Mercedes Benz, Smart), Porsche (cars),
Volkswagen Audi Group (Audi, Bentley, Bugatti, Ducati motorbikes,
Lamborghini, MAN trucks, Scania trucks, Skoda, SEAT, Volkswagen) – Claas,
Fendt (tractors, agricultural equipment)

Bertelsmann (Penguin books, Dorling-Kindersley books) - TUI (travel, tourism)

Bosch (*automotive components, domestic appliances*), **Neff** (*domestic appliances*), **Braun** (*electrical*) – **Haribo** (*confectionary*)

Commerzbank, Deutsche Bank (banking)

Deutsche Bahn (*rail services, e.g. Arriva, Schenker*) - **Deutsche Post** (*DHL*)

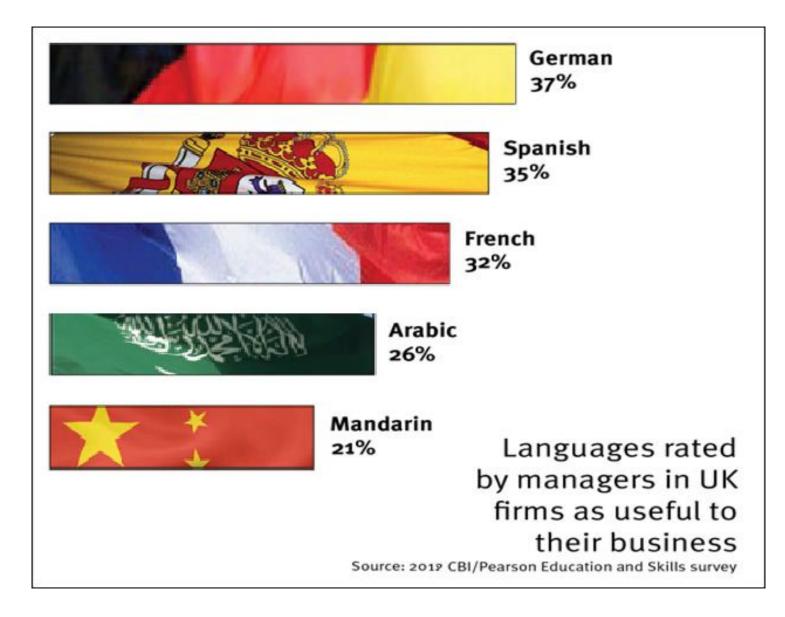
E.ON (gas, electricity) – **RWE** (renewable energy generation) - **Siemens** (domestic appliances, renewable power generation, wind turbines, medical technology, trains, etc.)

Rank	Country	£ billion	% of total trade
1	USA	287.8	16.6%
2	Germany	137.4	7.9%
3	Netherlands	121.8	7.0%
4	China	112.6	6.5%
5	France	94.8	5.5%
6	Ireland	83.2	4.8%
7	Belgium	57.3	3.3%
8	Spain	56.6	3.3%
9	Norway	54.7	3.2%
10	Switzerland	53.6	3.1%

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The UK's top 10 trade partners 2022





In demand						
	Job postings per million	% change since 2016				
German		1,221	🔺 11.6%			
French		1,152	🔺 I.2%			
Chinese		643	▲ 35.4%			
Spanish		567	▼ -9.5%			
Italian		531	🔺 17.7%			
Dutch		207	▼ -11%			
Polish		203	v -28.8%			
Japanese		198	▼ -3.8%			
Russian		195	-7.9 %			
Arabic		146	▼ -21.6%			

Job postings with languages required



Source: The Times, 10.4.19

So, why choose German? 2. Science

- Many links between German and UK universities, e.g.:
 - Cambridge Ludwig-Maximilian-Universität, Munich

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- Imperial College Technische Universität, München
- Cardiff Bremen
- **Oxford** Berlin University Alliance
- German is the second most commonly used scientific language after English, and among the most widely used languages on the web.

So, why choose German? 3. Culture

 Germany (and German) at the heart of European history and culture:

Literature: Goethe, Schiller, Rilke, Sebald and many others Music: Beethoven, Bach, Mozart: all native German-speakers. Art: Dürer, C. D. Friedrich; Anselm Kiefer, Gerhard Richter

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- The Arts: Huge focus in Germany in e.g. opera (82 opera houses, UK 6), music (130 orchestras, UK 15)
- 20% of all new books published worldwide are in German



I have an A Level / degree with German - what now?

- Languages (including your own) are <u>always</u> tools to do other things with.
- At university, you can study around 60 subjects together with German, from Accountancy (*at Aberdeen*) to Zoology (*Manchester*) – and that's not counting combining it with other languages.
- Few language graduates take up the traditional linguists' careers – teaching (at first!), translation, interpreting.



Finance

Journalism

Law

Civil Service

Diplomatic Service

Publishing **Advertising Tourism industry** Teaching Academia Translating Interpreting





Useful organisations:

British-German Association:

www.britishgermanassociation.org

Dresden Trust:

www.dresdentrust.org

Goethe Institut:

https://www.goethe.de/ins/gb/en/index.html

UK-German Connection:

https://ukgermanconnection.org